Print advertising

- 1. What does the text say? The text was carefully crafted to create a consistent message about the ad.
 - If there is a headline/SLOGAN, how does it grab our attention?
 - What does the main text tell us about the product or service? Does it directly reference the product or service's benefits and factual attributes? Or does the ad prefer to sell the reader on the product's lifestyle benefits instead (telling you how cool you'll be when using the product, for example)?
 - How does the text relate to the images?
 - Have any persuasive devices been used? Guilt, threat, flattery, reward, promise of belonging?
 - Comment on the typography/font used. What does it add to the image of the brand?
- 2. What does the image say? Pictures are worth a thousand words, and this is very true for print advertisements. How does the photograph grab our attention?
 - Is the picture depicting the product by itself, or being used by someone?
 - Does the photograph show us a lifestyle associated with the product (essentially telling us how the product would make our life better)?
 - How do the images relate to the text?
- 3. Comment on the **surroundings the mise-en-scène** [everything else within the frame]
 - What do the setting/surroundings add to the representations of the people in the advert?
 - What colour coding is used?
 - What type of camera shot is used? Close up/mid shot/long shot/low angle/high angle? Explain why.
 - Are all the elements of the image in focus? If not, why not? Is there a hierarchy of elements in the framing?
 - Is there a logo? Where is it positioned?

4. Who is the advertisement aimed at?

- Who is the target audience?
- In what publication /context might the print advert appear?

ANALYSING COMMERCIALS

	Commercial 1 –	Commercial 2 –	Commercial 3 -	Commercial 4 –	Commercial 5 –
	Subway	Coca Cola	Snickers	Volkswagen	Mercedes Benz
1. What is the message of the commercial?	McDonalds is boring,				
	Subway is better; Go to				
	Subway!				
2. Does the commercial appeal to feelings or emotions	Escape routine and				
such as love, humour, fear, competition, sense of	embrace excitement				
belonging?					
3. Does the commercial appeal to	Everybody				
o a specific target market segment					
o broad appeal to everybody					
4. Stickiness – You'd remember this commercial because	Controversial, good				
o it is exciting or entertaining	slogan (Made by you. Not				
o it is controversial, you want to discuss it with someone	them. Make it what you				
o it is irritating, you remember it because it is stupid	want.), irritating sound of				
o it has a good slogan	life support systems				
o it has memorable music					
5. How is the length of the commercial?	Short/The right length.				
o too long					
o too short					
o the right length					
6. What was the strategy used?	Excitement				
o ideal kids and family	Facts and figures				
o being cool	Catchy slogan				
o celebrities	Name calling				
o excitement	(McDonald's)				
o facts and figures					
o catchy slogan					
o glittering generalities/clichés					
o put downs/name calling					
o any other strategy					
7. Did the commercial use persuasive language? Write	Repetition (burger after				
down some examples (repetition, exaggeration, rhetorical	burger)				
questions, comparatives/superlatives, facts, opinions, etc.)	Exaggeration (over 4.9				
	billion combinations)				
8. What is the unique selling point?	It's made by you. It's				
	entirely to your taste.				

- 1. Subway https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=blZqMPGAOOw
- 2. Coca Cola https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D4nCieBMJlo
- 3. Snickers https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uii3VhELiuE,
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qIVDxL2IgN4&list=PLYoPB -4spsSBQ0OIzR7vF3Q-23V8R3sx&index=1
- 4. Volkswagen https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eGZNocni6zE
- 5. Mercedes Benz https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aF7Mm5E4MTo